SICKLE CELL AND THE POWER OF JOBELYN

Sickle-cell anemia is an inherited disease that affects hemoglobin, the oxygen and nutrient carrying molecule in the red blood cells. Normal red blood cells are disk shaped and soft, bending to squeeze through the body’s tiniest blood vessel. They also remain viable for about 120 days. In contrast, sickle cells – so named because of their sickle or crescent shape – break down after only 10-20 days causing chronic anemia. They also tend to lodge in the blood vessels, forming clots that reduce oxygen supply, cause pain, and damage to the spleen, kidneys and other organs.

Pain caused by sickle cell disease can be acute, chronic or a mixture of the two. The acute pain of tissue infraction, in skeletal or soft tissue, tends to be sudden, unpredictable at onset and intense. Such was the recurrent and traumatic experience of Collins, a 23 year old known sickle as he tells his story:

“Growing up as a child living with sickle cell was a night mere for me and my parents. I usually had severe pain in my joints and waist. My parents were always on the look out for current information on natural medicine since Orthodox medicine had little or nothing to offer. At one point, I was in hospital more than out and frequently. I even had a permanent bed space as I was also very familiar with virtually all the hospital staff. On one occasion, we were on our way home from hospital; we couldn’t even make it home before the pains became worse than it was at the hospital. My parents had to turn around and take me right back to the hospital. Back then, my hemoglobin usually ran in the low – to – mid 7s. In the mist of all these, Jobelyn was introduced by a family friend whose 13 years old son also suffering from sickle cell was doing quite well with Jobelyn. At first, they were skeptical about the use of the drug as they felt it was one of those herbal concoctions from those traditional medicine dealers who often claim to be able to cure any ailment as they recalled that I had previously used the popular Fagara Zantholoide popularly known as (Orin ata) without much result even though many claims had been made over the potency of Fagara in sickle cell management.

When my condition became critical as I was to have yet another blood transfusion, they had no choice as they were compelled to give the drug a trial and to everyone’s surprise, my packed cell volume (PCV) had increased dramatically with the use of Jobelyn in just about 7 days. My crisis came to an end barely 6 days after taking Jobelyn. I also bade farewell to blood transfusion that had virtually become a routine in any of my crisis. I discover that I was now invigorated, bouncing with vitality and soon left hospital. Doctors were at first unyielding even in the face of startling evidence from my prognosis that this wonderful herbs stimulated my body to make blood faster than they had expected.

It is now well over 7 years since I started using Jobelyn and my hemoglobin is now about 12 and ever since I have had only few crisis that required hospitalization. Today, when I tell people that my genotype is SS, they are often not convinced because I simply do not have the expected appearance of a sickle cell sufferer. I am well built and I live a normal life.

Medical experts say that the likelihood that a person with sickle cell diseases (SCD) will receive a blood transfusion depends in large part on the age and genotypes. Although estimates are confounded by the fact that hospital based studies may not adequately account for those who do not seek or require medical attention, it seems clear that the majority of persons affected with SCD receive at least one transfusion during their life time.

Jobelyn is very effective, not only in restoring haematocrit level quickly but also has effect on the immune system. Jobelyn improves not only the red blood cells (RBC) counts but also works on the white blood cells (WBC). Jobelyn has helped in anemic cases, resolving some blood related diseases and is now relevant in the medicine of the millennium that is antagonistic to blood transfusion and surgery. In cases like sickle cell, prolonged use is always advisable to attain a crisis free status.

Recent research has shown that Jobelyn restores blood level rapidly and as such, can substitute as blood transfusion for blood sapped patients. Several investigations have shown that patients packed cell volume (PCV) increased by 10 percent within 24 hours of using Jobelyn. Studies have also shown that it works against any ailment that has to do with the blood. It is indeed a veritable boost for troubled blood.

Jobelyn works at molecular and cellular levels. It helps to maintain and improve the immune system. If for instance, the white blood cell is low, one’s immunity diminishes. The blood helps all parts of the body to coordinate and function effectively. Jobelyn does not
fight the disease directly, but its builds up the strength of the WBC to checkmate foreign agents. The underlying idea is quite simple: to use an antioxidant like Jobelyn to enhance the function of Sickle cells helps to a large extent reduce symptoms of sickle cell anemia.

Does Jobelyn have any side effect?

Jobelyn has been tested to be safe and no side effect has been discovered. Generally, side effects of herbal medicine are low if there are any at all because they are natural herbs. The only problem with local herbs therapy is the volume and frequency of use, but that has been taken care of because Jobelyn is capsulated.

Sickle cell anemia is a genetic disorder and cannot be cured in the conventional sense. The affected individual and their families suffer a burden of anxiety, frequent pain crisis and financial cost needlessly aggravated by ignorance and palpable lack of appropriate services and research. However, recent studies clearly demonstrate that an antioxidant like Jobelyn can compensate for some inborn defect of sickle cell anemia. For people with SCD, it means healthier red blood cells, less anemia and pain, and other improvement in health.

Email: scdiafri@scdiafrica.org